The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

NEW YORK.

Walworth Found Guilty of Murder in the Second Degree.

MEETING OF LAKE SHORE R. R. DIRECTORS.

NEW YORK, July 2, 1873.

The Walworth Murder Trial.

At the Walworth trial to-day a large crowd was present. District Attorney Phelps, in his argument for the prosecution, controverted the claim of the defence that the prisoner was affected by either epilepsy or insanity.

District Attorney Phelps concluded his argument for the prosecution. Mr. O'Conor, for the defence, then made several requests to the Judge to charge the jury, including one that he charge that the facts as proven do not show a deliberate purpose to murder; that if the accused believed the deceased to be desperate, it militates against the theory of murder in the first degree, and if the act was the result of terror, it was not murder in the second degree; that as four shots were fired the prisoner was only conscious of firing three, and as no proof is given which of the four was fatal, the jury must acquit. If he was in a state of epileptic insanity, he was not responsible, and if he was in a state of terror, which overcame him, the jury must acquit.

Without delivering the charge, the Court took a recess.

After the recess Judge Davis delivered his charge to the jury, first calling attention to the new law under which the trial has taken place, which law makes it necessary that a "deliberate purpose and premeditation" should exist before a verdict of murder in the first degree could be given.

Judge Davis said if the jury were satisfied, from the evidence, that young Walworth came to New York with the intent to murder his father, then the crime was murder in the first degree; but if the crime was committed in a sudden manner, in an instant, then it would be murder in the second degree.

Judge Davis, continuing, said that the defence interposed was two-fold: that the prisoner was insane at the time of the act, and, secondly, that the act was done in self-defence. The second he passed by as not worthy of notice, and warned the jury that there were no such crimes known to the law as parricide, or matricide, or fratricide, however well the names might be used in common conversation, nor was this Court to take into consideration the laws of Draco, Solon, or Lycurgus, or China, where special laws were enacted for the punishment of those who killed their parents. In the eyes of the law this crime was no greater than the killing of a stranger. Therefore the same rules must be applied as in a trial for the killing of a person other than his father, and the prisoner is entitled to the same consideration. In regard to the question of justification his Honor charged, however, that the jury should not regard the fears which the prisoner entertained for the life of his mother, as they could not be regarded as any justification of his crime, and that they should only regard those fears as mere persons. The law did not make it justification that upon the killing was done through fear that the life of another was in danger. They could, however, consider whether the fear that his mother's life was in danger did not give pause to the fear which he entertained for his own life at the meeting on the morning of the 2d of June.

The jury retired about 3 o'clock, and at 8:30 brought in a verdict of "murder in the second degree."

Meeting of Lake Shore Railroad Directors.

At a meeting of the Lake Shore Directors, today, W. R. Bishop resigned as director. Commodore Vanderbilt was appointed director, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Horace F. Clark, and William H. Vanderbilt, in place of Bishop. Cornelius Vanderbilt, W. H. Vanderbilt, Augustus Schell and Jas. H. Banker compose the Executive Committee. Cornelius Vanderbilt was chosen President.

Meeting of Italians.

A meeting of Italians was held last evening to protest against the traffic in Italian children. The meeting in point of attendance was a failure. Resolutions denouncing the traffic were adopted. Ex-Governor Solomon, of Wisconsin, was the principal speaker.

Suicide.

August Nadien and Edward Buckler, of Newark, were seen drinking freely together, and in the evening were found in Waverley Pale Grounds insensible, with a laudanum bottle beside them. Nadien has died.

Wife Murderer Sentenced.

Frank Gilles pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree for killing his wife a few weeks ago, and was sentenced to imprisonment for life with hard labor.

Fire in Belleville.

The business portion of Belleville, Jefferson county, was burned this morning. Loss thirty thousand dollars.

A Brutal Son.

Thomas Feeney was arrested for fatally beating his mother in Brooklyn last night.

Specie Shipments.

The shipments of specie amounted to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars in silver bars.

THE INDIANS.

Kiowas and Cheyennes Returning to their Reservations.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—A gentleman just arrived from Fort Sill, Indian Territory, says the Kiowa and Cheyenne Indians who recently left their reservation are returning. They had been out to have their annual medicine dance. One hundred squaws, captured by Col. McKenzie from the Comanches, who were of their reservations, and who were imprisoned at Fort Concho, Texas, were returned to their tribe three weeks ago.

Lipans and Mescalaras Anxious for a "Talk."

WASHINGTON, July 2.—A telegram to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs from the special Indian Commission at Fort Duncan, Texas, June 28, says: We returned here last night and have received information that the Lipans and the Mescalaras, numbering about 2,000 souls, are at Saragosa, desiring to meet us, and we understand there is a probability of their going with us on a reservation. The Commissioners also desire to know where to take these Indians and such Kickapoos as will consent to go with them, and have been instructed by the Indian Bureau to take these Kickapoos to their captive people at Fort Gibson, and the other Indians, the Lipans and Mescalaras to their reservation in New Mexico.

BARNUM AHEAD.

Fresh Attractions Secured for His Exhibition.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette

BRIDGEPORT, CONN., July 2, 1873.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

I have just secured an important addition to my stock of animals, by the importation of four living Giraffes and Camelopards. I have been looking for these for some time, and have only succeeded in getting them, at great expense. They are the only animals of the kind in America.

I have also received, among other fresh attractions, some double humped Camels, Dromedaries, and several Ostriches. These additions have entailed an expense of *ninety two thousand dollars*, but I am determined to keep my show far ahead of anything of the kind ever attempted, and will spare no expense.

I start immediately for Pittsburgh with the animals, which I will there put in my World's Fair and exhibit for the first time.

P. T. BARNUM.

CHOLERA.

Kentucky.

CAIRO, Ill., July 2.—Four men, belonging to a force at work on the Mississippi Central Railroad extension, in Kentucky, six miles below Cairo, died last night from cholera, and several others are reported dangerously ill with the same disease. It is thought these cases were brought on from drinking impure water. There is no cholera in the city as yet.

OBITUARY.

Hon. Joseph G. Wilson.

CINCINNATI, July 2.—The *Chronicle* has received a dispatch from Marietta, which states Hon. Joseph G. Wilson, member of Congress from Oregon, died of paralysis in that city this morning.

Interest on Louisiana Coupon Bonds.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Attorney General Williams this morning received the following dispatch from Governor Kellogg:

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—We have this day (yesterday) that all past due coupons of the State for March, April, May and June will be paid on and after the 10th inst., here and in New York. The amount of this payment exceeds $285,000. I have ascertained that a large amount of coupons due before the 1st of June were not paid, and I have paid them. This makes over $300,000 interest due by the late administration, which we have paid.

Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, July 2.—The steamship Batavia, from New York, has arrived.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The steamship Cube, from Liverpool, has arrived.

—R. M. Pratt, of Montpelier, Vt., has been appointed special agent for the Chippewas of Red River, Minn.

FOREIGN.

Alarm in Madrid.

MORE RECRUITS FOR BRIGHAM YOUNG.

Proceedings in the French Assembly.

FRANCE.

Assembly Proceedings.

VERSAILLES, July 2.—In the Assembly this afternoon Dufaure's motion to proceed to the consideration of Ex-President Thiers' constitutional bills was rejected.

Jules Laurent, of the Right Centre, then moved that the appointment of a special committee on the constitutional bills be postponed one month after the next recess.

After an animated discussion, in which Gambetta took part, the motion was adopted. Gambetta protested against any attempt of the Assembly to manufacture a Constitution without first declaring for whom and for what kind of a Government it was intended.

Postal Convention with the United States.

The *Messager de Paris* is informed that negotiations for a postal convention are soon to be resumed with the United States.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Several Persons Killed at a Fire.

LONDON, July 2.—Several persons were killed in Kensal Green this morning by the falling of the walls of a burning building.

The Bank of England Forgers Committed for Trial.

LONDON, July 2.—The Bank of England forgery case came up again to-day for a final hearing. The examination was concluded and the defendants fully committed for trial.

Mormons for America.

The steamship Wisconsin takes out seven hundred and fifty Mormon emigrants for America.

HOLLAND.

The War with Acheen.

THE HAGUE, July 2.—In the States General, to day, the Colonial Minister announced that all the supplies requisite for the equipment of the second expedition against Acheen had been furnished. He added that no negotiations with the Sultan of Acheen were pending, as had been reported in public prints, but it was not improbable they should be opened through the intermediate offices of a friendly Power. The Government of Holland was willing to conclude an honorable peace, but the reported conditions of settlement were wholly inadmissible.

SPAIN.

Alarm in Madrid.

LONDON, July 2.—A special from Madrid says there is great alarm in that city in consequence of the menacing attitude of the Irreconcilables, who are known to be intriguing for the overthrow of the present Government. Troops are concentrated at strategic points and every precaution taken to promptly suppress any outbreak.

CANADA.

The Cabinet.

OTTAWA, July 2.—The following arrangement of places in the Cabinet has been effected: Alexander Campbell, Minister of the Interior; John O'Connor, Postmaster General; T. N. Gibbs, Minister of Inland Revenue; and Hugh McDonald, Minister of Militia.

THE CAPITAL.

The Injunction Against the U. P. R. R.

WASHINGTON, July 2, 1873.

Condition of the Postal Card Contract.

The following is an official statement of the condition of the postal card contract to June 30: Requisitions on the contractor to furnish 33,645,000 cards; order suspended at the Department, 9,484,000; total number ordered by Postmasters to date, 43,129,000; number issued to June 30 inclusive, 20,480,000.

The Injunction Against the U. P. R. R.

The injunction granted by Associate Judge Hunt, of the Supreme Court, against the Union Pacific Railroad, is printed to day. It restrains the Railroad Company from making use of its resources, receipts and earnings, so as to disable them from paying the interest as it shall mature upon all classes of its securities. And also restraining from payment the principal or interest of the Government bonds distributed to, through or by the Credit Mobilier of America.

A. J. Perry, one of the counsel for the Government in the Credit Mobilier suit, arrived here this morning, on his way to Cincinnati. He had a long conference with Attorney General Williams in relation to the suit, which he reports as proceeding very favorably.

Telegrams have been received at the Attorney General's office assuming that the interest on the first mortgage bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company which are held in Europe could not be paid on the 1st of July on account of the suit against the company, but if it is not paid, it will be the fault of the company, and not on account of any interference by the Government. It is now become necessary, if there is willful neglect or refusal by the company to pay this interest, to take steps to have a Receiver appointed to take charge of the road.

Pictures of Secretaries of War.

The Secretary of War, in his intention of securing for the Department pictures of previous Secretaries of War, has already caused to be placed conspicuously in the Secretary's office and in the ante-room, the portraits of ex-Secretaries Knox, Dexter, Dearborn, Eustice, Pickering, Secott, Calhoun, Poinsett, Hoit, Cameron, Stanton and Rawlins. Others are now being painted for the Department. The Secretary is desirous to procure original portraits, if possible, from which copies will be made, of ex-Secretary McHenry of Washington's administration, Griswold of Adams', W. H. Crawford of Madison's, George Graham of Monroe's, John Bell of Harrison's, and George W. Crawford of Taylor's.

Stamps and Stamped Envelopes Furnished to Departments.

The following is an official statement of postage stamps and stamped envelopes supplied by the Post Office Department up to and including June 30, 1873: To the President, 150; State Department, 20,749; Treasury Department, 200,000; War Department, 17,449; Navy Department, 8,509; Interior Department, 50,261; Department of Justice, 3,750; Department of Agriculture, 6,530; Postoffice Department, 53,312; Postmasters, 134,266; total, 494,924. In addition to this, stamped envelopes amounting to 10,315 were issued to the War Department and 132,815 to postmasters.

Card from the Mayor's Clerk.

The following communication has been handed to us for publication by James S. Patterson, Mayor's Clerk. It speaks for itself:

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH. PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 2, 1873.

To the Citizens of Pittsburgh:

The Pittsburgh *Evening Telegraph* has in a series of articles seen proper to publish the most shameful and barefaced falsehoods bearing on my reputation for honesty, and inasmuch as they contemplate further publications of a like character, I have concluded through the advice of my friends to "bide my time." I have resided in Pittsburgh all my life and at the proper time will give the *Telegraph* an opportunity to make good their charges or suffer the consequences.

JAMES S. PATTERSON,
Mayor's Clerk.

The Park Concert.

The following is the programme for the concert in the Allegheny Parks this evening. Should the weather prove unfavorable the concert will be postponed until Saturday evening.

PROGRAMME.

1. Grand Quickstep.....Sarro.
2. Overture.....by Faust.
3. Medley-Come Where My Love Lies Dreaming.....Foster.
4. Bruder Sustig—Gallop.....Henreich.
5. Waltz.....Strauss.
6. Captain Shepherd's Quickstep.....Graffulla.
7. Potpouri, from Bellesario.....Bellini.
8. Anvil Polka.....Parlow.
9. National Potpourri.....Ringlaben.
10. Her Bright Smile Haunts Me Still. Arbogast.

The music will be given by the Great Western Brass Band, and will last from seven until nine o'clock.

Workingman's Road to Wealth.

The only road to wealth for the workingman is that along which others have accumulated riches by laying by weekly a fixed sum from his weekly earnings. This can be done now to great advantage at some of our savings institutions, such as the Workingman's Mutual Savings Bank at No. 44 Smithfield street. Sums of money from one dollar upwards may be deposited at this bank, and the depositor will receive the highest rate of interest. The Bank is managed on the mutual plan by which each depositor shares in the profits, and has double advantage. It is based on the soundest business principles, is managed by some of the leading business men of the community, and is in every respect reliable institution. Workingmen who are anxious to make the best out of their money should go to the Bank, 44 Smithfield street, and see what they can gain by making a little effort to save money.

Summer Silks.

Extraordinary bargains at Hugus & Hacke's great closing out sale,

Fifth Ave. and Market St.

Private families, wishing to have Ice Cream for the Fourth will please leave their orders as soon as possible at

KINDER BLAIR'S,
62 Fifth avenue.

Dr. Harris' Cramp Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of cholera cramps, &c.

STREET AND SURVEY.

Meeting of Committees—A Large Amount of Business Transacted—Ordinance Ordered to be Drawn for Various Improvements—Grading and Paving Streets—Reports From Sub-Committees.

A regular meeting of the street committee was held last night in the common council chamber.

Mr. Fulton moved that an ordinance be drawn up, increasing the salary of the Assistant Engineer from $1,500 to $2,500. Mr. Rafferty amended by making the salary $2,00 and the motion as amended was carried.

The sub-committee appointed to consider the claim of Felix Rodgers for extra compensation in the construction of a sewer on Cherry alley, recommended that Councils be requested to allow the contractor the sum of $600 The committee reported that the contractor had no legal claim but in consideration of the fact that he lost money in doing the work it was only deemed the square thing to allow him extra compensation. The report was received and filed.

The sub committee appointed to consider the advisability of grading and paving the streets that extend from Penn avenue to the Allegheny river, between Twelfth and Thirty-ninth streets, reported in favor of grading twenty of the streets to low water mark. The report was received and filed, and ordinances ordered to be drawn up for the improvements recommended.

The report of the sub-committee on the change of grade of Forty second street was to the effect that they could not come to any conclusion, and a recommendation that the entire Street Committee meet there in a body was adopted.

The Street Commissioner was ordered to repair the stone wall in the Thirty-sixth ward; also, to make good the damage done to certain property.

The sub-committee, to which was referred the matter of permitting Messrs. Gray & Bell to extend a railway through the Thirty-fourth, Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth wards until the 1st of January, by which time the tunnel under the hill will be completed, recommended that the privilege be granted and the extension of the railway allowed, provided it does not interfere with the improvement of Canoga street. An ordinance to that effect was ordered to be drawn up.

The sub-committee appointed on the opening of Twenty-third street, reported that they could not agree, and on motion the committee was discharged, and a new committee consisting of Messrs. Elder, Ahl and Adams was appointed.

The opinion of the City Solicitor in relation to the claim of John Boyd, for damages sustained in the destruction of a wagon and the killing of a horse by falling a declivity on Fountain street, was to the effect that the question could only be settled in the Courts, as the liability of the city in the matter was decidedly doubtful. The opinion was received, and a sub committee appointed to consider, investigate and report.

A petition for the re paving of Decatur street was referred to the Board of Viewers.

Mr. Jeremy, rising to a question of privilege, asked that the matter of repairing Carson street be taken from the table and referred to a sub-committee. The request was granted, and Messrs. Jeremy, Doyle and McKee appointed.

A resolution offered by Mr. Pearson that the Commissioner of the First District be instructed to put the sewer drops near the Diamond Market House in such a condition as to prevent offal, garbage, &c., from being emptied into them was adopted.

A resolution providing for the appointment of a sub-committee to inquire into the practicability of establishing a wharf in the Fifteenth and Twelfth wards was also carried.

An ordinance was ordered to be drawn up for the paving of Smallman street, from Twenty-second to Twenty-third street.

A petition to place Neville avenue, on Mount Washington, in a passable condition, was referred to a sub-committee.

An ordinance was ordered to be drawn up for the grading of Railroad street, from Twenty-second to Twenty-third streets.

A resolution was passed instructing the City Engineer to advertise for sewer pipe.

A communication from Hussey, Wells & Co., requesting permission to erect a line of shafting across Mulberry alley, was referred to a sub-committee.

A committee was appointed to inquire into the matter of the communication of Chas. Gearing, who represents that he is erecting a building with apparatus necessary for the manufacture of petroleum gas, and asks permission to lay pipe along the streets of the South Side for the purpose of supplying cusumers with gas.

In the matter of the grading and paving of Forty second street, the contract for which was awarded but never signed, the city Solicitor was instructed to proceed against the contractor, and the City Engineer to advertise the re-letting of Spring alley, &c.

An ordinance was ordered for the grading and paving of Forty-seventh street from Centre avenue to Butler street.

Permission was granted to J. McC. Creighton to repair the street between the railroad track at the corner of Liberty street and Penn avenue.

A resolution offered by Mr. Watson, that Penn avenue be repaired on both sides from the outer rail of the Citizens' Passenger Railway to the curb, leaving a straight gutter five inches deep, from Sixth to Thirty-first street, was adopted, and the City Engineer to advertise the re-letting of Spring alley, &c.

An ordinance was adopted instructing the Street Commissioner to repair the crossing on the north side of Smithfield street at Seventh avenue

The City Engineer reported adversely to the claim of Mr. Rourke for extra compensation for the paving of Overhill street.

On motion, Mr. Rourke appeared before the Committee and made a personal explanation in regard to the matter.

Mr. Semple offered a resolution that the viewers in connection with the City Engineer be instructed to allow the contractor for the grading of Overhill street at the rate of one dollar per yard for rock for the additional grading on account of the change of grade, and that the same be assessed on the property abutting.

The amendment was laid over.

On motion, the matter was referred to the City Attorney for examination.

The following pay rolls for the month of June were submitted and ordered to be paid.

First District.....	$ 2,631 11
Second District.....	2,504 23
Third District.....	1,674 75
Fifth District.....	1,073 53
Sixth District.....	1,205 73
Seventh District.....	1,607 16
Engineers pay roll.....	$10,696 45
Contractors pay roll.....	1,934 35
	19,081 82
Total.....	$31,712 62

On motion the committee adjourned until next Monday evening.

SURVEY COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Survey Committee was also held yesterday afternoon. The first business taken up was the plan of High street, in the Thirty-second ward. Property owners in that locality were present, but their statements in regard to which should be the line were very conflicting. After considerable discussion the City Engineer was instructed to survey and report a plan, of what he deems the best route for the street, following as near as possible the contour of the hill.

A sub committee was appointed in regard to inquiring into and reporting the advisability of a resurvey of Thirty-third street, between Ridge and Harrison streets. It was intended to reduce the width of Spring street to 45 feet.

The City Engineer was instructed to report a grade for Railroad street, Thirty-second ward.

A petition for the re-location of a street between the properties of John K. Holmes and Carl Keer was received.

The Engineer was directed to report grades for Morton avenue, Railroad avenue, and Dilworth, Wade and Owen streets.

A sub-committee was appointed to locate Oak street in the Eighteenth ward.

A survey was ordered of Coly's road and Washington avenue, in the Thirty-second ward.

A petition for the location of a street in the Nineteenth ward, from Butler street to the pumping house of the new water works was referred to a sub-committee.

The locating of a portion of River avenue from Spring street to its junction with Butler street extension in Twenty-first ward, was also referred to a sub-committee.

On motion adjourned.

All for Liberty.

About three o'clock yesterday morning as officer Sawyer was patrolling his beat on Beaver avenue he spied a man in the back yard of a grocery store, corner of Adams's street, attempting to enter the premises. When the officer approached the man ran away, and a lively chase ensued. The officer finally cornering his man knew him to be a fellow prisoner, but he escaped by jumping in the river and running away.

Run Over by a Run-away Team.

James Donnelly in attempting to stop a runaway team attached to a dairy wagon on Arch street, Allegheny, yesterday, by running in front of them was knocked down, the wheels of the vehicle passing over his stomach, injuring him very seriously. He was picked up and taken to his home.

We yesterday dropped into the marble ware-rooms of W. W. Wallace, on Liberty street, Nos. 319 & 321, a place where often before we have admired specimens of fine work for cemetery adornment. On this occasion we found in an upper room a great variety of finished marble and also unfinished marble mantel pieces. The display embraces a variety of beautiful designs, equal in style and finish to any we had ever seen in the East. While all were creditable to the trade and skill of the artizans employed by Mr Wallace, there was one that deserves special notice. It is of the purest American statuary marble, which is not surpassed by any specimen of Italian we ever saw. The design and tracery are unique; it has *alto* and *basso* reliefs of Adirondac mottled marble, a new and beautiful variety recently introduced by Mr. Wallace. We commend this superb mantel as fit to adorn the drawing room of any of our wealthy gentlemen of taste in such matters. They may look elsewhere at home or abroad in vain, to find anything so chaste and elegant as this. It is well worth going to see.

For the benefit of persons who cannot leave their work or business except on holidays, Mr. Dabbs, of 46 and 48 Sixth street, will keep open his Photographic Rooms on Friday, the Fourth of July. Mr. Dabb's prices are reasonable, and people going to him can be sure of a good picture.

Mr. Blair makes a specialty of fine candies of all kinds.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

CRIMINAL COURT.

[Before Judge Collier.]

In the case of Samuel Arbuthnot, Sr., Samuel Arbuthnot, Jr., and Christian Arbuthnot, indicted for maliciously destroying land-marks, a verdict of not guilty was rendered, each party being directed to pay one half the costs.

W. P. Pheelen was tried for assault and battery on James Kerr, and a verdict of not guilty rendered, the costs being divided.

Eli Wycoff was tried for false preteuses, on oath of D. Collins, who charged him with obtaining a lot of hay by falsely representing that he had sold some property at Mansfield. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. John and Anna Younker, charged with assault and battery in striking Peter Schlegel on the head with a tobacco cutter, the jury found a verdict of not guilty, and ordered that the costs be divided.

Trial List for To-day.

Commonwealth vs.

James S. Kelding,	John Wiley,
Wm. Bonshire et al.,	Benj. Scott,
Isaac Richey,	Nicholas Solder,
William Sarver,	Jacob Eicher,
Wm. Robinson,	John S. Herman,
Husker Teamer,	Mary King,
Joseph Waswciler,	Paul Snupf, (4 cases.)
Peter Schlegel,	John Latterly,
Christ Crudery.	Wm. Michaels

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

[Before Judge McCandless.]

Albert Stehle, of this city, debtor, filed an answer to the petition in bankruptcy of Messrs. Weiler & Ellis, creditors, and demanded a trial by jury, which was granted, and fixed for next October term, at Pittsburgh.

The assignee's report of the sale of certain real estate of John Holgate, of Luzerne county, bankrupt, was presented and confirmed.

The choice by the creditors of Charles Seeley, of Tioga county, bankrupt, of Augustus Streeter, of Westfield, as assignee, was approved.

J. M. Gamble, Esq., having resigned his trust as assignee of A. T. McCatty, of Lycoming county, bankrupt, O. H. Reighard, Esq., was appointed in his stead.

A restraining order was issued against certain execution creditors of M. V. B. Mercer, of this city, bankrupt.

The report of the assignee of S. W. Paine, of Luzerne county, bankrupt, under order for the sale of real estate, presented and confirmed, and assignee directed to make deed for the same to the purchasers.

In the bankruptcy matter of W. Seward B Hays, of Allegheny city, creditor, against D. A. and J. S. Sommand, debtors, an order was granted restraing certain execution creditors until a hearing on motion for injunctions, which is fixed for the 12th inst.

W. S. Colwell, of this city, debtor, filed an answer to the petition in bankruptcy of Mansfield & Co., creditors, denying the acts therein and demanding a jury trial, and the same granted at next October term. The restraining order issued some time since in this case against the Enterprise Savings Bank was referred to Register Harper for examination and report.

The appointment of John W. Guernsey as assignee of Robert E. Knapp, of Tioga county, bankrupt, presented and approved.

In the case of the United States against the ship "Ben Franklin," seized at Erie, on motion Henry Rawl, Charles Hall and T. Noble were appointed to appraise the cargo of the said ship.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—Last evening Duprez & Benedict's minstrels were greeted with another full house. Their performances are excellent and chaste, and deserve the patronage they are receiving in every sense of the word. They give an extra matinee on the 4th. A good bill for this evening.

HOWE'S CIRCUS.—To-day on the lot at the foot of Robinson street, opposite Smoky Island, Howe's European and Sanger's English Menagerie, open their entertainment. Their show will stay but three days. To-day they give a grand display and two grand performances. To-morrow three grand performances will be given, morning, afternoon and evening.

Fashionable and Good.

Such is the style and quality of clothing kept in store and for sale by Messrs. Uring, Follansbee & Co., corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue. They do not keep a shoddy article and impose it on their customers at the price of a good article, but keep the very best quality of made up clothing, and sell the same at very reasonable prices. The beauty of this establishment is the one-price system, and in addition, their clothing being made of the best material, and in the most fassionable manner, renders this a desirable place to purchase. The styles at this house are always of the newest, and the fabrics selected from the best in the market. Those who desire to have the most stylish articles at reasonable rates cannot afford to pass the establishment of Uring, Follansbee & Co., corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue.

July Coupons and Dividends.

Of the very large amount to be disbursed on the 1st of July, by the Government and corporations, for interest and dividends, (about $125,000,000,) a considerable portion will seek re-investment in good securities. United States bonds are so high a price as to be unattainable to most investors. Trustworthy railroad bonds come next on the list, and into these much of the July disbursements will doubtless be converted. In this connection attention is specially called to the remainder of the 7-30 Loan of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, referred to elsewhere.

To Prevent Cholera.

The men at one of our largest rolling mills have adopted the plan of putting a bottle of DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE in a bucket of water, and taking a cup full three or four times daily. They find it a sure prevention of diseases incident to the warm weather.

The above is a right with advantage be adopted at other similar establishments.

At the mill referred to we are told that not a single case of cholera morbus, diarrhœa or Dysentery occured during last summer.

Tobacco and Cigars.

400,000 fine seed Havana and Connecticut seed cigars; 20,000 pounds of best brands of Louisville and Virginia tobaccos; 5,000 pounds of smoking tobaccos of various brands; 100 pails of fine cut chewing. Also large lot of pipes. Dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine the above stock, whether in need of goods or not. As I am desirous of closing out the entire stock in a short time, I will sell the goods at reduced prices.—salesroom No. 104 Fourth avenue.

DAVID MOSS.

A Good Bank.

Of the sound and substantial monied institutions of our city, there is none that has a better reputation for safety and reliability than the Pittsburgh Savings Bank, located at 188 Liberty street. With a full corps of *bona fide* business men to manage its financial affairs, it has attained a front rank among the monetary institutions of our city.

Mr Dabbs, of 46 and 48 Sixth street, will keep open his Photographic Rooms on Friday, the Fourth of July, for the benefit of those who find it inconvenient to leave their business on other days.

Great Closing Out Sale at
HUGUS & HACKE'S,
5th Ave. and Market St.

Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Pine Apples and nuts of all kinds,

At BLAIR'S,
62 Fifth avenue.

☞ *ADVERTISEMENTS on this page under the several heads of "WANTED," "FOR SALE," "TO LET," &c., will be inserted at transient rates only. TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than FIFTY CENTS.*

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—OAK, ASH, HICKORY, WALNUT and POPLAR LUMBER, seasoned for use. HOLLISTER & LAMM, Office No. 2 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh; Yard 7, 9 and 11 Sandusky street, Allegheny. je26 q16

FOR SALE—JUDSON'S IMPROVED ENGINE GOVERNORS, the best in use. A full stock always on hand. Liberal discount to Engine Builders. W. B. COCHRAN & CO., 191 Liberty street. my27

FOR SALE—GOLDEN WEDDING AND FAMILY CIRCLE WHISKY, free of in bond, all ages, at the lowest market rate. Sample sent by Government stamp its age.

JOSEPH FINCH & CO.,
180 First avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—JOHN M. COOPER'S STEAM PUMPS. For all purposes for which Steam Pumps can be used. These are superior to any used. BOILER FEED PUMPS guaranteed to pump water heated to 212 degrees. Instructions given when desired.

JOHN M. COOPER,
482 Penn street.

FOR SALE—ONE TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE,

Of 9 Rooms, including Wash House, Bath Room and Kitchen; Boston Range, Hot and Cold Water and Gas throughout. Rent $35.

No. 225 North Avenue, Allegheny.

This House, fronting on the Park, combines the advantages of the country and City House.

Also, a Cottage House of 4 Rooms, No. 66 Boyle street. Lot 21 feet front by 90 feet in depth to an alley. Price $3,000, on easy terms.

Apply to M. HOLLAND, at the Hoboken Savings Bank, 176 Liberty street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY—

78 ACRES, 30 ACRES, 22 ACRES of good Farm Land, about 15 miles from Allegheny and 1 mile from Fairbanks Station, P., F. W. & C. R. R. Express trains stop at this station night and morning. Improvements consist of a good Frame House of 10 rooms, Frame Barn 30x60; Wash-house, Spring-house, and other out-buildings; 2 Orchards of Fruit Trees of all kinds. The above property is on a good road, and well watered with never-failing springs, and Big Sewickley creek runs through it. Will be sold or exchanged cheap, separately or all together, to suit purchasers. Possession given immediately. For particulars inquire of

R. D. MOORE,
Between Eighth and Ninth streets,
Pittsburgh.

je21:p92-TTHS

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, Administrator *cum testamento annexo* of the estate of the late Mrs. ELLEN CAMERON, deceased, offers for sale the following described property, belonging to said estate, in the First ward city of Pittsburgh, one three story BRICK HOUSE, No. 24 Second avenue, containing eleven (11) rooms, well finished; marble mantles in parlor, gas and water throughout the house; is built in latest modern style, and is elegantly finished; cellars dry and cemented. For further particulars call on or address

R. ROBINSON, Administrator.

Hoboken Savings Bank, 176 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

DIVIDENDS.

PENN AVENUE TRUST CO.,
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1873.

☞ THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital stock, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of tax.

EDWARD T. McELROY,
Cashier.

jy3

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,
ALLEGHENY, PA., June 30, 1873.

☞ DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., on the seven months ending on the 30th inst., out of the earnings of the first six months. Payable on and after the 8th inst., free of tax.

H. A. SPANGLER,
Cashier.

jy2:6d

AMERICAN BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1873.

☞ THE DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a dividend of

SIX PER CENT.

out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after 12th inst.

WM. FLOYD,
Cashier.

jy3:q87

☞ DIVIDEND.—THE MANAGERS OF the Northern Liberty Mechanics' Bridge Company have this day declared a dividend of

THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE,

payable forthwith at the German Savings Bank, Ohio street, Allegheny.

NICHOLAS VOEGTLY,
Treasurer.

June 30, 1873.

jy3:q72

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 2, 1873.

☞ DIVIDEND.

The President and Managers of the Company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the Capital Stock of the Company, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, by the Treasurer, forthwith.

W. ROSEBURG,
Treasurer.

jy3-q89

BANK OF IDLEWILD,
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1873.

☞ THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., payable forthwith, out of the profits of the last six months.

M. HANRAHAN,
Cashier.

jy2

ALLEGHENY HOMESTEAD BANK,
ALLEGHENY, PA., June 30, 1873.

☞ THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand.

W. H. SMITH,
Cashier.

jy2:q62

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1873.

☞ DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand.

W. McCANDLESS,
Cashier.

jy1

☞ PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of SIX PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months. Payable on demand.

JOSEPH H. BILL, Cashier.

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1873. jy2:6d

OFFICE OF THE CASH ISSEARNER CO.,
PITTSBURGH, June 21st, 1873.

☞ DIVIDEND. THE DIRECTORS OF this Company have this day declared a Dividend of EIGHT PER CENT ($4.00 PER SHARE) out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand.

JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON,
Secretary.

jy2:q68

☞ NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.

DIVIDEND NOTICE. The Directors of this BANK have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 12th inst.

C. SCHLEGEL, Cashier.

PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1873. jy2:q64

MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1873.

☞ A DIVIDEND OF SEVEN PER CENT. will be paid to the stockholders of this Bank on and after July 8th inst. JNO. G. MARTIN,
jy2:q9 Cashier.

MERCHANTS' & MANUFACTURERS' NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 1, 1873.

☞ DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of taxes.

JOHN SCOTT, Jr.,
Cashier.

jy2-q67

PITTSBURGH SAVINGS BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 1, 1873.

☞ DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of five (5) per cent. out of the profits of the last six months, free of tax, payable on and after the 10th inst.

THOS. ROGERS, Jr.,
Cashier.

jy2

ALLEGHENY REAL ESTATE BANK,
ALLEGHENY, July 1, 1873.

☞ DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after JULY 10th, 1873, at the Banking House, No. 140 Federal street.

W. A. CLEMENS, Cashier.

jy2:6d

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 2d, 1873.

☞ DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF this Bank have this day declared a dividend out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of tax.

JOHN D. FRASER,
Cashier.

jy1

☞ DIVIDEND NOTICE.

FREEHOLD BANK AND BUILDING ASS.,
PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1873.

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, free of tax, payable forthwith.

THOMAS STEEL,
Secretary and Treasurer.

jy1:q32

WORKINGMEN'S SAVINGS BANK,
ALLEGHENY,

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING, R. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON, D. L. FLEMING,
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1873.

DAILY GAZETTE.

By mail, post paid.....	$10 00
Do. Six months.....	5 00
Do. Three months.....	2 50
Do. For one month.....	1 00
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier.....	15

All papers stopped at the time ordered, or the money ordered, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscribers.....	$2
Clubs of ten.....	15
Clubs of ten.....	1 25

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also name and postoffice address, to which you want the change made. In order that there may be no mistake in forwarding, be sure that you give the name of the postoffice to which you desire the paper changed.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—can have sample copies sent to them. All papers supplied with specimen copies free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1873.

BONDS at Frankfort 96¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 38¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 115¾@115¾.

PRESIDENT CESPEDES, of the Cuban Republic, has resigned, and Salvador Cisneyas has been chosen in his stead.

THE Chicago *Evening Post* issued, a few days since, a 48 page paper,—all but four pages being devoted to a list of delinquent State and county taxes. It was a grand affair for the *Post*, but argues badly for the taxpayers of Chicago.

THE New York *Graphic* has set apart $10,000 to enable Professor Wise to make a test of the theory that he can make his way to Europe, in a balloon, in sixty hours. Should he arrive safe and sound, the details of the voyage are to be telegraphed to the *Graphic*. In the meantime others are trying to raise the means for a similar balloon voyage over the sea.

SIR SAMUEL BAKER, whose life was at one time thought to be in serious jeopardy, now reports from Khartoum that his expedition was entirely successful, and that in addition to having added considerably to the territorial possessions of Egypt, he has suppressed the slave trade. This last item will be welcome news to all who were familiar with the horrors of the Arabian slave trade.

THE New York *Times*, which has gained an enviable reputation for the service it rendered in breaking up the Tweed ring, and which deserves equal praise for its humanity, shown by inaugurating the children's excursion, for the benefit of poor children in New York, has just donned a new dress of type. It was a handsome paper before, but now is much improved in mechanical appearance, as well as in excellence.

ARE WE to have a revival of the old custom of duelling? The frequent instances of late, of the practice, serve to inspire the belief that the evil is growing, and that unless checked, it will again assume fearful proportions. Within a fortnight two duels have been fought,—one bloodless and the other resulting in the death of one of the parties. The custom is barbarous, and was exused years ago, only because of the unsettled state of society. There is now no possible excuse for the practice.

THE statements of the physicians as regards the cholera at the West vary. Cholerine,—a form of diarrhoea, sporadic cholera, and cholera morbus are the titles given, although we have later the opinion that it is the real Asiatic cholera, in a mild form. While it is not sufficiently fatal to be greatly feared, it is a warning to cleanliness. Dr. Dio Lewis mentions that when he was practicing in Buffalo, a clear line of demarcation existed, between those who were cleanly and those who were not, as regarded liability to the disease.

THE Ohio Constitutional Convention shows more interest and favor toward the demands of the women than did ours. It has adopted an amendment to the State Constitution, which provides that women may be eligible to all appointive offices. They may become school commissioners, superintendents, trustees and directors of charitable institutions, Government clerks, and fill other similar positions. The Convention has also appointed a special committee to consider the question of female suffrage, and a good deal of its time has been spent in the reception of petitions from all parts of the State, asking this extension of the franchise. The indications are that an amendment granting female suffrage will be submitted to a special popular vote.

THE FISHERY RIGHTS.

President Grant has issued his proclamation, stating that the necessary legislation, under the Washington Treaty, being completed, our fishermen are free to exercise their vocation in Canadian waters without hindrance. As the United States is supposed to gain certain advantages, through this treaty, a Commission is to convene in Halifax during the present month to determine how much shall be paid in view of our advantage. This will complete all negotiations on the subject.

Much interest has been felt on this question, and it has been the subject of several treaties between ours and the English Government. At the close of the revolution, the "right" to fish in Canadian waters was sturdily insisted on by our Commissioners, and conceded by the English; but with the war of 1812 this right was canceled. In 1818, however, it was agreed that American citizens should have the right to fish on the southern coasts of Newfoundland and Labrador, and thence northward, and in a few other specified localities; and in return for this concession our Government renounced for its citizens the right to fish within three miles of the British shore excepting in the designated places. This arrangement gave satisfaction only for a while, for the Canadians interpreted the treaty to mean that the three miles were to be measured from headland to headland, while the Americans, who would thus have been excluded from the finest fishing grounds in the bays and inlets, held that the three miles should be measured from the vessel to the most distant main land. The controversy became very warm at one time, and so much feeling was displayed on both sides that there seemed to be a probability of the parties coming to blows. Fortunately, however, a conflict was avoided by the reciprocity treaty of 1854, which permitted Americans to fish freely, without any regard to the distance from shore in Canadian and British American waters; and in return for this certain Canadian goods were admitted, free of duty, to the United States.

During the Rebellion, this treaty, which was advantageous to Canada, was terminated, and the old theory of measuring three miles from the projecting headlands was revived. This has been remedied by the Washington treaty, just put in force, which gives to American fishermen the privilege of catching fish upon the seacoast and in the bays, harbors and creeks of the British territory without any restrictions as to distance from the land; it permits them to use the shores for curing their fish, drying their nets, &c., and only forbids them to take shell-fish and the fish which are caught exclusively in the rivers. British subjects are permitted the same privileges on the eastern shores of the United States, north of the thirty-ninth parallel of north latitude, and are bound by the same restrictions. During the existence of the treaty, each country will admit to the other, free of duty, fish-oil and fish of all kinds, with the exceptions of fish that are caught in inland waters and fish preserved in oil. The treaty continues in force ten years, after which two years notice must be given by the party desiring to withdraw.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

SINCE the postal cards were introduced, the postmistresses are not getting an average of more than three hours' sleep a day.

ADDITIONAL reports of the Agricultural Bureau show that the yield of oats and rye will rate above the average throughout the country. Indeed a majority of the States show an increased average and a better yield of both crops.

ANOTHER sea monster has been seen on Lake Ontario, near Twenty Mile creek. The fishermen describe it as being about fifty feet long, with a head like a dog. Barnum is up in that country, and may capture this aquatic wrangler, that has created such a sensation.

THERE were 9,270 births registered in Boston for the month of June, 275 over 1871. The in 1872, an increase of 275 over 1871. The in 1872, an increase of 275 over 1871. The in 1872, an increase of

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rate. Especial attention to the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

TRADESMENS NATL BANK,

Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.

Capital, - - $400,000

Accounts of Banks, Merchants and Individuals solicited.

Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise useful attention to all business entrusted to our care.

A. BRADLEY, President.
W. YARRICK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

jy26:42

FOR SALE,

City of Pittsburgh Water Loan 7 per cent. Bonds.

Penn Avenue 7 per cent. Bonds.

Birmingham Market House 8 per cent. Bonds.

South Pittsburgh School 8 per cent. Bonds.

AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Grant Street.

Shoe and Leather BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - $200,000

GEO. E. ANDERSON, President.
D. M. DAVISON, Vice President.
H. W. RANKIN, Cashier.
C. C. HAMLIN, Asst. Cashier.
J. H. MORLAND, Teller.
M. KENNEDY, Teller.

GEO. E. ANDERSON, President.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

GEO. B. HILL.....C. HANSON LOVE.....JAS. K. HILL

Geo. B. Hill & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers,

58 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Buy and sell Gold, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages and Commercial Paper.

NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Agents for the National Line, comprising two of the largest Steamships afloat from or to Londonderry, Liverpool, Queenstown, London-derry and Glasgow.

DRAFTS issued on any part of Europe; also, Passage Tickets, first, second and steerage, at lowest rates.

DAILY GAZETTE,

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 2, 1873.

The Pittsburgh money market continues easy and without noticeable change. There is no perceptible paper as is offered at the banks, either by depositors or outsiders, is promptly taken care of; and we have learned of a few instances of parties desirous of taking up paper not due for some time to come, but holders are ceptible increase in the demands for discounts, so that such firm, under the impression that they have placed their funds, for the time being, at least, where they will do the most good." The rates remain about as last quoted—@8@10 ₱ cent. ₱ annum for first-class paper, probably the great bulk of the business having been effected at 9 ₱ cent. Real estate and local securities are active.

Geo. B. Hill & Co., Bankers, No. 58 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of Bonds and Stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Monday.	Wednesday
Gold	113¾	113¾
U. S. 6ses—1881—coupons	122¾	118¾
5-20—1865	116¾	116¾
" 1865, new	116¾	116¾
" 1867	117¾	117¾
" 1868	120	120
" 1868—coupons.	120¾	117¾
10-40s	113	113
10-40s—coupons.	113¾	114¾
Carriage 6ses	114¾	114¾
New 5 per cents	114¾	114
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	101¾	102¾
Erie.	62¾	63¾
R. & P. L. C.	93	93¾
Pt. Paul	51¾	51¾
Michigan Southern	94¾	95¾
Chic. Central	90	90¾
North Western Common	71¾	71
North Western Preferred	100¾	100¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	97	97
Pacific Mail	35¾	34¾
Western Union Telegraph	84¾	85¼
Ohio & Mississippi	29¾	29¾
Wabash Pacific	25¾	26¾
Toledo & Wabash	67¾	68¾
Fort Wayne	92¾	92¾
Chicago & Alton	108	108¾
Adams Express	93¾	94
U. S. Express	62	62
Wells Fargo & Co. Express	70	71¼
I. C.	108¾	109¾

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 75 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to day:

Penna. Central	54	54¾
Reading	97¾	98
United Cos. of N.J.	121	121¾
Oil Creek & Alleg. Div. Dividend	28¾	28¾
Lehigh Valley	60¾	60¾
Philadelphia & Erie	24¾	24¾
Penna. Receipts	53¾	54
Pittsburgh 3s	74¾	72
Allegheny Valley 7-30	98	98
Central Transportation	49	48
Empire Transportation		56¾

Rates for money in Boston are 6 ₱ cent. on call loans, and 6@7 ₱ cent. for discounts—that is, for most of the transactions—short dates and very choice names of course having the call preference.

The Philadelphia money market continues to favor borrowers, and there is no change in their demands for funds. We cannot reasonably anticipate any material change in the features of the market for about sixty days hence. Leaders for that period are willing to accept lower rates than those generally ruling. There is some speculative demand, but it is quite light, owing to the unsettled condition of values. Stocks quite active, and prices exhibit no decided change for the better; sales of City 6s, new, at 103¾@103¾; Reading Railroad sold at 55¾; Pennsylvania at 54¾@54¾, Oil Creek sold at 28¾, and Allegheny at 27, ex. div.; Lehigh Valley at 60¾; Catawissa new preferred at 28¾, an advance of ½; United Companies of New Jersey at 121¾@121¾ was bid for Catawissa preferred, and at 24¾ for Philadelphia and Erie.

The New York Evening Post says the demand for loans is about the same as a week ago, and rates rule steady at 6 ₱ cent. There is no change in the supply of funds, at applicants who present satisfactory collateral are promptly accommodated at the full extent of their wants. The discounting rate is well sustained at 10 ₱ cent., but in some instances there is a disposition to concede something on this rate for the purpose of inducing a more general circulation of funds now unemployed. Call loans on undoubted securities are making at 7@8 ₱ cent., while real estate and accommodation paper is quiet at 12@15 ₱ cent. ₱ annum.

The St. Louis Democrat says the supply of funds has been ample and considerably in excess of the demand, resulting in a further increase in balances. Rates have been nominal, ruling at 8 and 10 ₱ cent. ₱ annum.

The Cincinnati Gazette says there has been no event of especial importance during the past few days to change the run of business or of financial affairs. There is a fair demand for money, but the banks being well supplied with currency, are discriminating freely in their regular depositors at 8@10 ₱ cent. The supply of private capital is abundant, and good commercial paper in the open market is disposed of at 9 ₱ cent.

The Baltimore Gazette says inactivity prevails at the Stock Board. Baltimore and Ohio was held at 17¾, with 173 bid. Central Ohio preferred at 48¾, and City Passenger was very weak, only 36 being bid, held at 39. Pittsburgh and Connellsville bonds were in demand at 97. 97¾ asked. Baltimore and Ohio 6ses at 97. Northern Central sold at 94. Reported at 94¾. Central Ohio 6s at 88¾. 89¾ asked.

NEW YORK, July 2, 1873.

Money was easy at 4@5 per cent. Sterling was dull at 109¾@109¾ for sixty days and 110 for sight. Gold opened at 113, advanced to 113¾, and closed at 113¾@⅝. Gold loans ranged 2@7 per cent. Clearings $67,000,000. Treasury disbursements $287,000 gold and currency. Customs receipts $384,000. Most of the operators in gold look for lower prices. Governments were quiet and lower for the week. Stocks were dull and heavy, closing quiet and active. Western Union was the best speculative feature. Pacific Mail, Lake Shore and Western Union declined from ½ to 1 per cent. Lake Shore opened at 93¾, sold down to 93¼, and then advanced to 93¾@94, the last sale. Pacific Mail rose from 35 to 37, sold down to 34¾, and closed weak at 34¾. The rise is attributable to the covering by the shorts. And the decline to the statement that the steamers were better on New York account. Wabash reduced from three to two regular trips. Union Pacific was quiet and steady at between 24 and 24¾. Western Union rose from 84¾ to 85¾, and reacted to 85. New York Central sold at 102¾, 103, and 103¾; Erie, Island 99¾, 100, and 100¾; St Paul 51¾, 52, and 52¼; Preferred 78¾, and 79; Northwest 71¾, and 72; Wabash 26¾, only sale; Fort Wayne 92¾, 93 and 93¾; Ohio & Mississippi 29¾, 30 and 30¼; The Michigan Central sold at 90¾, 91 and 91¾. The Erie closed 1@2 off from the highest prices, appearing as if manipulated by holders had realized.

GOVERNMENTS.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 119¾@119¾; of '62, 118¾; do. '64, 116¾; do. '65, 117¾; do. '65, new, 116¾@116¾; do. '67, 117¾; do. '68, 117¾; new 5s, 114; 10-40s, 114; currency 6s, 114¾.

STATE BONDS.—Missouri 6s, 92; Tennessee old 77¾; do. new, 79¾; Virginia new, 55; do old, 43; North Carolina old, 32; do new, 32.

STOCKS.—Canton, 86; Western Union Telegraph, 85¼; Adams Express, 93¾; American Express, 70¾; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 70¾; American Express, 70; United States Express, 72; Pacific Mail, 35¼; New York Central, 102¾; Erie, 63¼; do preferred, 79¾; Harlem, 126; do preferred, 135; Michigan Central, 90; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 97; Northwestern & Chicago, 71¼; do preferred, 86; Rock Island, 93¾; New Jersey Central, 103¾; St. Paul, 51¾; do preferred, 79¾; Toledo & Wabash, 68¾; do preferred, 90; Fort Wayne, 92¾; Terre Haute, 11; do preferred, 34; Chicago & Alton 108¾; do preferred 110; Ohio & Mississippi, 29¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 85; Burlington & Quincy, 120; Lake Shore, 93¾; Panama, 295; Illinois Central, 109¾; Union Pacific, 24; Central Pacific, 90; Union, 82; Delaware and Lackawanna, 97¾; Hartford & Erie, 21; Bankers' bills, 109.

LONDON, July 2—5 P. M.—Consols for money 93¼@93¾; for account, 93¾. The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £20 000. The rate of money at the Stock Exhange is 3@4 lower than the Bank rate on Government securities; the rate of discount of three months' bills is ½ below the Bank rate.

FRANKFORT, July 2.—United States bonds: 5-20s of '62, 96¾.

PARIS, July 1.—Rentes 56f 32c.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 2, 1873.

Notwithstanding there is a very general complaint in regard to business being dull, there is, nevertheless, about, if not altogether, as much doing, as usual at this season of the year; there is a fair demand for the leading articles, mostly, it is true, for small lots, but it amounts to considerable in the aggregate. The worst feature connected with trade this spring and summer, is not so much that it has been more inactive than usual, but in consequence of a steady shrinkage in values; there has been very little moneymade; many staples have been sold at cost or a loss right away along for several months past. However, it is probable that this shrinking process, which has been going on all season, is about over, and we will be surprised if there will be any further loss in any legitimate business, as there will be a comparative scramble to stock.

APPLES—The receipts of green Apples continue light, and while the demand is very meagre, prices are firm and higher, ranging from $3 to $5 per bbl., according to quality.

BUTTER—There is some little inquiry, but the market is very inactive, and prices are weak though unchanged: 8@12 for common to fair, and 15@17 for prime to choice.

BRANS—Are dull at $5@5 3 bushel.

BROOM CORN—Is less active, the advanced prices having curtailed the demand somewhat, but prices are light, and the advance is still maintained.

CHEESE—As noted in our last, there is a firmer feeling caused by the recent heavy purchases for export, but as yet there has been no advance in our market; we continue to quote prime Ohio factory at 11c to the trade, and 12@12½ in a jobbing way.

CANNED GOODS—The demand continues light, and in the absence of fruit, that prices will and berries are in season now, trade may be considered about over for this year.

COUNTRY MEAT—Dull, but prices are nominally unchanged: Shoulders, 5@5¾; Clear Sides, 6@7; Hams, 9@9. Country Lard, 7@8, according to quality.

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RAGS—Quoted at 3¼@3½c.

SEEDS—Flax Seed continues scarce and sells readily at $2.10@2.12¾ per bushel.

WHISKY—Highwines quotable at 93@96c per gallon.

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Extra 100 lbs	$5.00 per hundred lbs.
" 95	4.75 " "
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STOCKS.—Canton, 86; Western Union Telegraph, 85¼; Adams Express, 93¾; American Express, 70¾; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 70¾; American Express, 70; United States Express, 72; Pacific Mail, 35¼; New York Central, 102¾; Erie, 63¼; do preferred, 79¾; Harlem, 126; do preferred, 135; Michigan Central, 90; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 97; Northwestern & Chicago, 71¼; do preferred, 86; Rock Island, 93¾; New Jersey Central, 103¾; St. Paul, 51¾; do preferred, 79¾; Toledo & Wabash, 68¾; do preferred, 90; Fort Wayne, 92¾; Terre Haute, 11; do preferred, 34; Chicago & Alton 108¾; do preferred 110; Ohio & Mississippi, 29¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 85; Burlington & Quincy, 120; Lake Shore, 93¾; Panama, 295; Illinois Central, 109¾; Union Pacific, 24; Central Pacific, 90; Union, 82; Delaware and Lackawanna, 97¾; Hartford & Erie, 21; Bankers' bills, 109.

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PARIS, July 1.—Rentes 56f 32c.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 2, 1873.

Notwithstanding there is a very general complaint in regard to business being dull, there is, nevertheless, about, if not altogether, as much doing, as usual at this season of the year; there is a fair demand for the leading articles, mostly, it is true, for small lots, but it amounts to considerable in the aggregate. The worst feature connected with trade this spring and summer, is not so much that it has been more inactive than usual, but in consequence of a steady shrinkage in values; there has been very little moneymade; many staples have been sold at cost or a loss right away along for several months past. However, it is probable that this shrinking process, which has been going on all season, is about over, and we will be surprised if there will be any further loss in any legitimate business, as there will be a comparative scramble to stock.

APPLES—The receipts of green Apples continue light, and while the demand is very meagre, prices are firm and higher, ranging from $3 to $5 per bbl., according to quality.

BUTTER—There is some little inquiry, but the market is very inactive, and prices are weak though unchanged: 8@12 for common to fair, and 15@17 for prime to choice.

BRANS—Are dull at $5@5 3 bushel.

BROOM CORN—Is less active, the advanced prices having curtailed the demand somewhat, but prices are light, and the advance is still maintained.

CHEESE—As noted in our last, there is a firmer feeling caused by the recent heavy purchases for export, but as yet there has been no advance in our market; we continue to quote prime Ohio factory at 11c to the trade, and 12@12½ in a jobbing way.

CANNED GOODS—The demand continues light, and in the absence of fruit, that prices will and berries are in season now, trade may be considered about over for this year.

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RIVER NEWS.

The rise in our river seems to have about reached its maximum, and unless there have been further rains at head waters, the water will likely be on the decline to-day. Last evening the marks at the foot of Market street located 6 feet in the channel.

The slack water packets continue to arrive and depart on time, and are doing a good summer business, but outside of these steamers there have been no arrivals since our last issue.

The little steamer L. C. McCormick left the wharf yesterday afternoon with a pic nic party bound for some point on the Ohio river —probably Steubenville, which seems to be a favorite spot for such excursions.

It is reported that a flat, loaded with stone, is sunk at the head of Brunot's Island. It lies near the channel.

The favorite Cincinnati packet Juniata was receiving considerable freight yesterday, and bids fair to have a good trip of both passengers and freight. She is announced to take her departure this evening.

The Wild Duck and barges, laid up at Ashland, Ky., on account of low water, will start for this city to-morrow evening. Captain C. F. Adams and master James Kiegg having left by rail to-day to bring her up the Ohio.

The Simpson Horner, with her tow of empty coal packages, will be assisted by the steamers Ella and Grace Williams in reaching this port.

We understand that the creditors of the firm of J. S. & R. M. McDonald have granted them a two years' extension, and the steamers J. Sharp McDonald and Oil Valley will therefore not be sold by Marshal Hall on the 5th day of July, as was some time ago announced.

Messrs. Jones & Laughlin have purchased of Capt. James Rees his new towboat Iron City, a trim little steamer of the same size and form as the Little Amy Fulton. We are informed that the amount of the purchase money was $16,300. The Iron City has cylinders thirteen inches in diameter, with five feet stroke, and is provided with Captain Rees' patent gearing. This steamer will be used by the owners in towing iron ore from the lower parts of Allegheny City to their furnaces above Look No. 1.

Messrs. Oliver, coal merchants, is said to have contracted for a new towboat.

The Coal City arrived at the wharf yesterday from Cincinnati, at which point she has been laid up for some weeks past.

The Dubuque papers say a great deal about the ferry caused by the Illinois Babbage and barges, leading in direct competion with the great St. Louis and St. Paul Line. The Herald says:

"The Babbage arrived Monday night, and her appearance for another trip induced the agent of the K. N. Line to lower tariffs to 10c per sack for grain to St. Louis, 17½c, to New Orleans, with the determined effort to run her out of this trade. Agent Lourey's tariffs are 15c. over, for sacked grain to St. Louis, or 25c. to New Orleans. Even at these rates, higher than those asked by the other line, shippers are standing by the Babbage nobly."

—Capt. John Barrett has chartered the Cequoia to take the place of the Mary Bailey, as a barber tugboat at Cincinnati during the time that the Campbell is under the employ of the Government. The Cequoia is now engaged with the dredge boat now employed in clearing the channel between Cincinnati and Louisville. The boats are engaged at present in removing five sunken coal flats.

—The Cincinnati Chronicle of Monday says: Capt. E. B. Williamson, late of Mary Bailey, was induced to come in from Milford this morning by a sniffing arise. He is in receipt of a letter which states that Capt. Charlie Matthews has bought the Collier, sunk at Henderson, and will at once commence working her for the machinery, with the intention of building for it. Capt. Matthews will be here in a day or two.

Mud River trade is almost dead now at New Orleans. The Quicksteps reports five and a half

HOME NEWS.

Summer Changes.

Any of our Readers who may desire to have the DAILY GAZETTE mailed to their address, out of town, during the summer months can be accommodated by leaving their names at our business office. Sent to any address for SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS a month.

Advertisers will greatly oblige us by handing in their favors early to-day, as we publish no paper on Saturday, and we are desirous to have all the advertising matter that accumulates at the close of the week in hand early for Friday's issue.

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship and Telegraph office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the Hamburg line steamer Holsatia at New York; National line steamer France at New York; Cunard line steamer Batavia at Queenstown.

Homœopathic Dispensary.

During the month of June there were five hundred and four prescriptions issued and filled at the Dispensary of the Homœopathic Hospital on Second avenue. In the same month there were one hundred and thirteen visits made by the dispensary physicians, making a total of six hundred and seventeen prescriptions. The Dispensary is open from 11 to 12 A. M. and from 2 to 3 P. M., for all who are unable to pay a physician.

A Sterling Institution.

Pittsburgh may well be proud of the standing of her institutions. Among those that come in the first rank of her staunchest and truest, may be mentioned the Bank of Industry, which, under the able management of its Board of Directors, has been able to float upon the sea of success. It is gratifying to see that these institutions prosper, for it shows the sterling management of its officers, and that they are ever on the alert to the interest of the patrons, as well as the stockholders of the bank. This bank is situated at No. 110 Fifth avenue.

The Railroad Stocks.

A petition which is gaining many signatures from our tax-paying citizens, is being freely circulated. It asks Councils to appoint a committee of five, who shall be named in the petition, to commence legal measures to aid in recovering the city's railroad stock, which the petitioners think still belong to the city. There is a note to the petition guaranteeing that the city shall not be put to any costs in the suit—that responsible parties will give bonds to pay all legal fees incurred in case of failure in recovering the stock.

Letters Held for Postage.

S. W. Allerton, New York City, 3c; Geo. A. Bayard, McKeesport, Pa., 3c; Denuff, Sharpsburg, Pa., 1c; M. Dines, Pennsylvania Round House, 3c; Henry Holt, Perry Co., Ill., 2c; Mrs. Nellie Lindry, Allegheny, Pa., 3c; McClellan, Blairsville, Pa., 3c; J. C. Penny, McKeesport, Pa., 1c; Mrs. Raymond, Allegheny City, 3c; Dr. E. M. Shilleto, Allegheny, 3c; Jno. N. Straub, Allegheny City, 3c; Mrs. S. C. Tuttle, Bellaire, O., 3c; Rev. G. G. Westfall, Allegheny City, 2c; Mrs. M. Whitfield, Rochester, N. Y., 3c; Mrs. Jennie A. Watt, New Florence, Pa., 3c; Henry Windling, Watertown, Ohio, 3c.

J. H. STEWART, P. M.

Surgical Operation.

Yesterday at Mercy Hospital, Dr. John Dickson, Senior Consulting Surgeon to that Institution, operated for stone in the bladder on a young man from Columbiana county, Ohio. The operation was one of more than ordinary difficulty on account of the size of the stone (calculus), which was too large to be removed through the incision as commonly made. It was, therefore, necessary to crush and take it out piecemeal, which the Doctor did in the most efficient and successful manner. He was assisted in the operation by his sons, J. N and J. S Dickson, and by Drs. Emmerling, Purviance, McCoy and Brashear.

Correction.

We were in error in the paragraph prefacing the article published in our paper of Tuesday morning, headed "Allegheny Cemetery," in calling it a *report* presented at a meeting of the *Managers*. We should have said, *or*, the meeting alluded to, was the *annual meeting of corporators*. The Hon. T. J. Bigham was called to the chair, and at the close of the meeting delivered the interesting address—" we published.

Meetings of the corporators are annual only, those of the managers frequently, as the business of the institution may require.

We understand an extended history and report, from the managers, in relation to the affairs of the cemetery, past and present, is now in press, and will be published in a short time.

A Resident of Uniontown, Pa., Commits Suicide in Kansas City, Mo.

An Associated Press dispatch received last night states that on Tuesday last, Mr. J. F. Speer, of Uniontown, Pa., jumped into the river at Kansas City, Missouri, and was drowned. It appears that on the Friday previous he was dragged and robbed of several thousand dollars, and from that time up to the day on which he committed suicide he was under a queer, strange sort of manner, indicating that he was laboring under a fit of mental aberration. There are quite a number of people of the name of Speer living in the vicinity of Uniontown, and perhaps this item may convey to interested parties information concerning the death of a friend or relative that they might not be able to obtain otherwise.

Cresson Springs.

The Mountain House at Cresson is now open for the season, and visitors who wish to take advantage of the cooling mountain breezes and all the health inspirations offered at this favorite summer resort, should secure their rooms without delay. The house has been thoroughly renovated, an artesian well has been put down, and every arrangement made for the comfort of guests. Already a large number of distinguished citizens from the Eastern and the Western parts of the State have secured quarters, and the season promises to be unusually lively. Among the other attractions for visitors, bands of musical performers from Philadelphia, which will be on hand for the first time on the Fourth, to properly celebrate the day.

Those who desire to engage rooms should address Mr. G. W. Mullin, Mountain House, Cresson Springs, or St. Coud Hotel, Arch street, Philadelphia.

SHOT THROUGH THE HEAD.

A Prominent Business Man of New Brighton Commits Suicide.

Yesterday morning the residents of New Brighton were considerably startled by the announcement that a prominent merchant of the place had committed suicide. The victim was Mr. W. Kennedy, who was one of the leading dry goods dealers of the place. About six weeks ago he fell over the abutment of the railroad bridge and fractured his leg. This kept him in the house for several weeks, but he had about recovered from the injury, although it is thought his nervous system was somewhat shocked by the accident.

It is reported that he was pressed for money by some parties whom he owed. They had an interview with him on Tuesday night, and it is said they threatened to close his store unless the money was forthcoming on Wednesday morning.

Yesterday morning, about eight o'clock, Mr. Kennedy was in his room, when the report of a pistol was heard, and his friends, upon rushing to the spot, discovered that he had shot himself in the forehead, from which death instantly ensued.

There was great excitement in the town over the matter during the day, and it is to be fully investigated.

MURDEROUS AFFRAY.

A Man Dangerously Stabbed on Liberty Street—Arrest of the Perpetrator—Remanded to Jail Without Bail.

Yesterday evening Thomas Thompson appeared before Alderman Taylor and made an information against John Miller, charging him with a deadly assault upon his son John Thompson. It appears that the two Thompsons got into a dispute with the man Miller at his boarding house, corner of Twelfth and Liberty streets. During the melee which ensued, Miller was rather roughly handled, and it is stated by him that he drew a knife and in self-defence stabbed the younger Thompson in the groin. After the man was stabbed the fight ended. Thompson's father had the injured man taken to his home on Forty-fourth street, and had medical aid summoned. Miller, who is a railroad laborer, can speak no English. He was very reticent, and had nothing to say in regard to the affray before the Alderman.

Dr. Clark, the physician who is attending Thompson, stated that the man is in a very critical condition, as peritonitis is liable to set in, the knife having penetrated the intestines. Upon this statement the Alderman refused bail, and Miller was remanded to jail to await the result of Thompson's injuries. In searching Miller at the jail, a pocket knife with a blade stained with blood, was found in his possession. It is supposed that he used this to do the stabbing with.

GUARDIANS OF THE POOR.

Regular Meeting Yesterday.

A regular meeting of the Board of Guardian of the Poor was held yesterday afternoon, at the office on Fourth avenue. The members present were Messrs. Arthurs, Beek, Boggs, Douglass, Fitzsimmons, Hays, Kincaid, and Torrence.

The minutes of the last two meetings were read and approved.

The report of the committee appointed to examine into and have repaired the roof of the almshouse, which cost $209.99, was approved, and a warrant ordered to be drawn for that amount.

The opinion of James I. Kuhn, Solicitor of the Board, in relation to the application to the Board of Guardians of this city of the law recently enacted requiring that regular reports from all persons having charge of the poor should be made to the State Board of Charities, was submitted and on motion received. The solicitor gave it as his opinion that the Board was included in the provisions of the act, and for non-compliance was liable to the penalty imposed therein.

The report of Thomas Chess, Superintendent of the Poor Farm, for the month of June is as follows: Number of inmates of the institution on the first of June, males, 130; females, 84. Total, 214. Admitted during the month, males, 21; females, 19. Total, 40. Discharged, run away and died during the month, males, 28; females, 14. Total, 42. Remaining in the house on the first of July, males, 123; females, 89. Total, 212. There were six deaths in June and a net decrease of but two persons.

A number of bills and physicians reports were presented and approved, and warrants ordered to be drawn for the payment of the former.

On motion, the Board adjourned.

FAREWELL TO COLLEGE.

Beaver's Sensation of the Past Week—The Closing Exercises at the College—Tuesday the last and Liveliest day—Dedicatory Services at the Hall—The Commencement Exercises—A crowded House and a Spicy Programme—Winding all at the Levee—College Associations Severed—Adieux.

"COMMENCEMENTS" in the rural districts are said to be pleasant always; or rather in the language of an enthusiast of the gentler type they are proverbial for being "just perfectly elegant." It was an assurance of this character that induced an adventurous scribe, with a friend, to journey Beaver-wards on Tuesday to take a hand in the "elegance" of the exercises that have been engaging the attention of the townspeople for the past week, and which have been incidental to the closing of the eighteenth year in the history of Beaver College and Institute. To the twain the peculiar felicity of the occasion at the outstart was doubly enhanced by the refusal of the courteous conductor to stop the train at the proper station, "country miles" away from the destination in view, with about half a dry goods box of flowers on hand and the only outlook ahead, that of being transformed into pack horses for the transportation of the fragrancy, over a dusty road and under a smiling and very ardent July sun—such a combination of fortuitous circumstances is very conducive to meditation, and the metaphysics of profanity are likely to be singularly attractive. Time, however, and necessity, and a reasonable amount of vitality will generally bring all such matters even,—as was the result in this case,—and thus it came that the twain at last sealed the nights of Beaver, in season to have a couple of hours ahead of them, to bind up their wounds of body and mind, to recover partially from the pardoning suffered in their perambulations, and to restore a mental serenity in consonance with the happy spirit that seemed to everywhere prevail.

Under ordinary circumstances it would be unpleasant for one to hear that his coming had been "rather late," but there are times, and this was one, when the intelligence that a part of the "feast of reason" was over came as a soothing balm, for it brought the end nearer. It seemed that the College people, not satisfied with providing a "Young Folk's Entertainment," and "Class Exercises," and an "Alumni Reunion," and an "Annual Concert," with other minor exhibitions, had reserved for the last day, as Barnum says, two "crowning triumphs of their managerial lives." One of these was the Hall dedication—the other the Commencement proper.

THE NEW COLLEGE HALL,

the dedication of which was set apart for Tuesday morning, was looked upon with more than ordinary interest, inasmuch as it marked a new epoch in the college history, and would go to give evidence of greater future prosperity. During the past year or so, the artisans have been busy at the college, and the result of their labors is a five-storied brick addition to the old building, which has increased the capacity of the school so that eighty additional pupils can be accommodated the next term. The addition cost $30,000, one-third of which was contributed by one of our business men, Capt. John F. Drake, and the remainder secured principally through the example of his munificence and his personal effort. The structure now presents a sort of modernized Norman architectural appearance, and is about as handsome and imposing an edifice as can be desired in the college line.

The hall is located in an upper story of the new wing. It is not large, but is well lighted and ventilated, and furnished with memorial windows, frescoes, and in a style to make it very attractive. Its dedication, served as a re-dedication of the whole building to educational purposes. The dedication hour was fixed at ten o'clock. Those who were there concur in the opinion that the audience in attendance might have been larger, but the exercises hardly more interesting. The speakers announced for the occasion were Rev. Bishop Simpson, Rev. Dr. E. O Haven, Chief of the Educational Board of the Church, and Captain John F. Drake. The first and last gentleman appeared in time, but of course it would never do to have the programme carried out to the letter, and so Dr. Haven failed to make the haven of Beaver, and it was necessary to proceed without him. In doing so, their choir filled up the time musically with three anthems, which were succeeded with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Hunter, of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*.

THE HALL DEDICATED.

Then came forward Mr. Drayo with one of his impromptu characteristic addresses, in which he had a good deal to say complimentary of "Beaver City" and much less of Beaver College, and something of the importance of female education, and lastly of the pleasure it gave him to hand the institution over to the Bishop for dedication. This gave the Bishop an opportunity to first lead the people in a brief dedicatory exercise according to a formula of his own, and then to address them for about an hour on the uses to which the building was to be devoted. The Bishop spoke of female education in general and gave the pupils present encouragement to reference to the best means of taking advantage of their opportunities, so as to acquire the greatest good from their collegiate training. In the development of his theme he was led somewhat into metaphysical speculations upon mind-growth. Delivered before a very critical audience of ministers and students and lay people, it was universally pronounced worthy of the speaker's fame, and that is a sufficient encomium of the intellectual treat afforded.

After the address half an hour was whiled away in collecting about $800 to pay for a $1,000 window dedicated to the Alumni, and which adorns the rear wall of the Hall. This part of the services was highly entertaining—to those who took in the funds,—but the other side didn't seem to relish it so well, and all were glad when they were permitted to depart for dinner.

The afternoon was occupied by the alumni association with a business meeting, the older folks with the class shooting, and by the younger with promenading and social courtesies incident to the felicitious inspirations of the occasion.

There were at last several indications that the Commencement exercises proper were near at hand. First, by the general rustle within the sacred precincts of the college walls, like the twittering of birds when excitement inspires them; and second by the appearance of some life and animation in the streets of the beautiful town—it is one of the loveliest Summer retreats eyes ever looked upon.

GATHERING FOR "COMMENCEMENT."

"Time and tide," it is an old saying, "wait for no man;" but not so much could be said of the young performers, for they were compelled to wait for the men and women and children to gather. Professor Taylor, who has charge of the College, was quite emphatic in his announcement that at six and one-half o'clock sharp, the exercises must begin. Several misguided visitors gathered at the appointed time and had the happy pinings of noting the movements of a fugleman for and calculating the chances for his falling from his ladder and furnishing a subject for the Coroner, while turning on the oil lamp lights. He preserved his equilibrium with remarkable facility, however, and disappeared into an anteroom just as another party arrived and selected seats. It was interesting to observe them come by twos and threes and larger parties, for the next hour, until all the available seating capacity of the hall was occupied and those who came after found standing room only. Dr. Taylor at half-past seven o'clock was seated upon the platform, upon which also places had been provided for a dozen ministers, the graduating class, the vocalists, and the musical instruments. The graduates occupied the front semi-circle of seats and were arrayed in white, all except one independent female who proclaimed her liberty, by graduating in a corn colored silk, with all the necessary furbelows of black lace trimmings, &c.

When the eagle vision of the Professor had assured him by ocular demonstration that the audience had fully gathered, he sprang to the footlights, threw the radiance of a benign smile over the audience, requested order, close attention, and no leaning of heads with bear's grease against the newly painted walls during the performances, the first of which was a piano duett, "Louevenir de Pesth" by the Misses Lide French and Mamie Holmes.

Rev. Mr. Morton of the Erie Conference followed with an impressive and very appropriate prayer.

THE PROGRAMME

was then gone through with in the following order: 1. Essay—Our Lodgings, Miss Minnie Augustine, Addison, Pa.; 2 Essay—The Real and the Ideal, Miss V. Miller, New Brighton, Pa.; Quartette—Fairy Whispers, Messrs. Putney and Wilson, and Misses Young and Howell; 3. Essay—Our Boat is Launched, but where is the Shore—Miss Jennie Coffin, Rochester, Pa.; Piano Solo—The Loreley, Miss M Augustine, Addison; 4 Essay—The End is not Yet, Miss J. Warren, Philadelphia, Pa.; Vocal Solo—The Night Winds Sigh, Miss Emma Patterson, Bridgeport, Ohio; Piano Solo—Come Back to Erin, Miss Eva Loomis, Meadville; 5. Essay—"Oh! wad some Power the Giftie gie us, To see ourselfs as ithers see us;" Miss M McCormick, Steubenville, Ohio; Vocal Solo—Oh! What hopes, Miss M. M. Young, Monongahela City; 6. Essay—Soul Bells," Miss Lora B. Shields, Bridgewater, Pa.; 7. Essay—"The Two Crusades," Miss R Gist, Wellsburg, W. Va.; Vocal Solo—Good Night My Sweet, Miss Lide French, Beaver, Pa.; 8. Essay—Valedictory—They enjoy the sunshine most who've shivered in the shade," Miss Mamie Holmes, Allegheny City.

At the conclusion of the valedictory the young ladies arose, when Dr. Taylor, holding an armful of parchments, delivered an address to the class, which was chiefly characteristic for its brevity and earnestness. Each member was presented with a diploma. It was announced that the Misses Holmes and Shields were the graduates in the classical course and the others in the English. The exercises were then concluded with a Piano solo, "Fantasia on Oberon," by Miss Mamie Holmes.

A WORD OF COMMENDATION.

As to the general character of the performances it is but the truth to say that they were much above the average. If Brother Clark of the *Recorder* had been there certainly he would have been gratified at the absence of "toptop-tical abstractions" and the presence of vigorous common sense and practicality which was apparent, more or less, in every essay. If it was not bordering on the invidious it would be but just to say that Nos. 5 & 8 seemed to find the heartiest appreciation from the audience. The first for its incisive sarcasm, hearty hatred of sham, and trenchant style, the second for purity and elevation and originality of thought, and for grace and felicity of diction. The valedictory words of the latter were especially effective and made a marked impression upon the audience as well as classmates and teachers.

No. 6 was also very good—but where all did so well, each with some special excellence, it is hard to make comparisons. The hearers made their own and the generous applause and floral testimonials so profusely scattered about, indicated that all came in for a share of praise. If space were not so precious, the music too would claim its due for commendation, but that for the time must pass.

Of course the services would have been complete without a presentation scene, and it was brought up at the right time—just before the dismission. Dr. Taylor was the surprised recipient; the gift a gold headed cane from the class of '73; the presentation speech, humorous, by the Rev. W. H. Locke, A. M., and the reply by the tutor himself. Then the curtain was rung down, and when it rose again the scene was changed and inscribed.

"THE PRESIDENT'S LEVEE."

If the reader will imagine the College illuminated from cellar to observatory, the grounds around brilliant with Chinese lanterns, the President's house and grounds across the street similarly radiant, "open house" everywhere—a kaleidoscopic throng of promenaders winding here and there, through halls and corridors and class-rooms, in the house and around the grounds—a laughing, chattering, pleased and thoroughly social throng, with music up stairs and refreshments in abundance down in the dining hall—in short, a general outpouring of people on pleasure bent—no idea better than words can give it, may be had of the *finale*, which was enjoyed until after midnight.

Perhaps with a reckless disregard of the plain canon, it may be conceded that rural commencements are "just perfectly elegant." Whether this one would answer to that comprehensive description may not here be written; but it will not transgress the lines of accuracy to say that the Eighteenth Commencement at Beaver was eminently enjoyable, and one, that by those who made it such, can right worthily be recalled with pride and pleasure, long after they have passed beyond the bloom and beauty of youth's verdurous shore.

BREVITIES.

....Music in the Allegheny Park this evening.

....The Allegheny police force smiled benignantly as they received their salaries for June, yesterday.

....J. H. Fisher, has been discharged, he having settled all his little bills, and so all informations have been withdrawn.

....William Anschutt's horse, attached to a buggy, ran away on Western avenue, Allegheny, last evening. The vehicle was demolished.

....The Committee on Engines and Hose, of Allegheny, met last evening and approved the pay roll for the past month, amounting to $2,612.

....In the case of James Smith, who was drowned in the Allegheny river on Tuesday night, a verdict of accidental drowning was rendered.

....The Pittsburgh police received their "dimers" yesterday, and were happy. They will now raise a corner in Fourth of July excursion tickets.

....On Saturday the steamer J. Sharp McDonald will be sold at United States Marshal's auction at ten o'clock A. M. The boat is now lying at the Monongahela wharf.

....Rev. J. W. Bain was installed pastor of the Third U. P. Church, Allegheny, last evening with appropriate exercises in accordance with the programme heretofore published.

....A single small race will take place tomorrow morning on the upper Monongahela course, between Rinehart Herbster, and Frank Demmarsh. The stakes are two hundred dollars a side.

....A mammoth childrens' jubilee in Allegheny Park is proposed by the Park Commissioners, to come off some time in August, in which the children of the schools throughout the county are to participate.

....Our readers contemplating leaving the city would do well to consult the summer timetables of the respective roads, as many changes of arrivals and departures of trains are announced in our advertising columns.

....The Literary Society of the Normal school at Mansfield, gave an entertainment at that place on Monday evening which was quite a success. The programme which seems to have been quite interesting, reached us too late for publication.

....A workman, while digging at the foot of an embankment between Pennsylvania avenue and Stewart street, near Manhattan street, Allegheny, was buried yesterday afternoon by the embankment caving in on him. He was rescued alive, though somewhat severely bruised.

....The little boys named Willie and Lon Cochrar, brothers, aged 7 and 8 years, have disappeared from their home on Washington avenue, Allegheny. They disappeared on Sunday last, since which time nothing has been heard of them. Information in regard to them can be left at the Mayor's office.

....A couple of nice young men are playing a light trick on the innocent inhabitants of Lawrence county. They offer to exchange old feathers for new, and leave a small amount of money as security for their return, after receiving the old feathers. Everybody that has trusted them is still waiting for their new feathers, which, alas, never come.

....The following is the report of the local inspectors, J. R. Neeld and G. H. Atkinson for the quarter ending, June 30, 1873. Passenger boats inspected, 6; freight boats, 2; towboats, 18. Total tonnage of boats inspected, 4,474 84-100. Number of licenses issued to masters, 37; to mates, 25; to pilots, 28; to first engineers 41; to second engineers, 31.

....Giles A. Foulkes and John Moore, the man and boy who were committed to jail for causing the death of the little boy Harry Young by rolling a stump down the hill in the Seventh ward of Allegheny, on Sunday last, will be released from prison on each giving bail in the sum of $5,000, that amount having been fixed yesterday in the Criminal Court.

....An affidavit was filed yesterday in the Prothonotary's office by Messrs Brown & Lamble, on behalf of Thomas Holman, in an action for slander against Wm. Lova. The complainant avers that the defendant circulated reports to the effect that he had planned the robbery of a horse and wagon, in which he (Love) was concerned, which was wholly false and untrue, and that he has suffered damage to his character in consequence thereof.

....The first Sabbath school and Congregational pic-nic of the Central U. P. Church, Allegheny, took place at Monitor Grove yesterday, and notwithstanding the weather was very unpromising early in the day there was a large attendance, fully six hundred. Everything passed off pleasantly. There was plenty to eat, good music, rendered by the Callow band, and nothing transpired in any way to mar the festivities of the occasion.

....The July number of the *People's Monthly* is out. This excellent home journal is equal in every respect, if not superior, to its former numbers, and as usual is filled with interesting and instructive reading, and profusely adorned with entertaining illustrations. "The Belle of the Season," a pleasing pastoral picture of merit and force, graces the first page. "The Fourth of July Oration" is an illustration and a sketch particularly appropriate just now.

....During the late "Local Option campaign" the Temperance Committee of this county offered a beautiful silk flag to the ward or township polling the largest majority against license. The Second ward, Allegheny, was the successful contestant, and this evening the presentation will be made in the First Presbyterian church, Allegheny, (Rev. Dr. Swift, astor). Rev J. W. Bain making the presentation speech, and Col. John Glenn receiving it on behalf of the ward.

....The Union Bridge Company seem to mean business. They are now receiving proposals for the stone work that will be necessary and have secured already seven bids from as many of the prominent stone dealers. The capital stock of the company $100,000 has all been subscribed and the books closed. The bridge will terminate on the Pittsburgh side at the Point, and on the Allegheny side at Grant avenue. It is desired to push the work forward as rapidly as possible.

....Tuesday evening the Fourth ward Temperance Alliance held a meeting in the First Methodist church, Allegheny, the occasion being the First anniversary of the Society. The annual report was read, showing what had been done, by the President, Thomas H. Rabe, Esq. Col. John Glenn made an address and the following Board of Directors was chosen for the ensuing year. Messrs. Carr, Scott, Boyd, Bradley, Rabe, and Revs. Messrs. Westfall, Robinson, Moore and Boker.

PERSONAL.

***Mayor Starkweather of Williamsport, Pa., is in the city on a brief visit.

***President Grant dined yesterday at the Union Depot Hotel. He was en route for Washington from Cincinnati, where he had attended his father's funeral on Thursday.

***Deputy-Mayor John S. Hollingshead yesterday sent in his resignation to Mayor Blackmore and Matthew Grier, Esq., Alderman in the Thirty-sixth ward was appointed to fill the vacancy.

***Col. John G. Barr and lady, who have been spending some weeks among friends in the West, returned yesterday in fine health and have resumed their wonted office of host and hostess at the Central Hotel.

***Rev. John S. Miller, of Baltimore, formerly rector of All Saints church in this city, is spending a few days among his many attached friends here. Until Friday he may be found at the corner of Thirtieth and Mulberry streets, in his old parish.

Fireworks for the "Fourth."

Proclamations may be issued and police regulations be in a measure enforced against a display of fireworks on the Fourth, but the ebullition of American patriotism cannot be repressed, and young as well as old America must be allowed to give some expression to the exuberance of its feelings. In view of this fact Mr. J. H. Johnston, of the Great Western Gun Works, desires to call the attention of those wishing to enjoy a day's sport with the powder and ball, to his superior assortment of fine powder, pistols, rifles, guns of all kinds, &c. The powder is of the best description and the guns of the best manufacture, and the pleasure of shooting can be fully appreciated with such material. The works are located at No. 179 Smithfield street, and those who want to inexpensively have other jollifications with fire arm practice should drop in there and get a good supply of what they need.

The Portland (Oregon) *Bulletin* says: "Work on the Pacific Division of the Northern Pacific Railroad is being pushed as fast as human skill can do it. There are 1,150 persons employed in grading the road near Tenino and vicinity; of this number 250 are white men, the remainder being Chinese. The grading is being pushed forward rapidly, and an effort will be made henceforth to increase the amount of work done in a day. There are 450 horses now employed in this department, and they are reinforced next week by 50 head of mules, which are coming from Walla Walla. A large quantity of wheat is also coming down the Columbia for use on the road, as Mr. Montgomery, the contractor, prefers it, we believe, to oats for feeding animals, as it is much cheaper and equally as good for food. This road once finished, the adjoining Territory will advance rapidly in wealth and population."

Money! Money! Money!

A ready-made fortune is waiting for somebody at Louisville, Ky. The management of the Grand Gift Concert in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, have on deposit in the Farmers and Drovers Bank, in that city, *a half million* in cash, which will be distributed by lot among the ticketholders on the 8th inst.

They have the certificate of a responsible bank that it holds the money to pay the gifts in full, and an investmentment of ten dollars, the price of a ticket, gives a chance for $100,000, $50,000, $25,000, $20,000, $10,000, $5,000, &c. Tickets nearly all sold. Saturday evening, 5th inst., will be your last opportunity.

Prepare for the Fourth.

Go to Beaven's, Allegheny city, for your fruits, nuts and candies, with which to render yourselves comfortable on Independence day. He has an extensive and very excellent assortment of goods in his line, the freshest and purest to be found in either city.

Give him a call, and if you are not pleased with the quality of his goods and prices, then you are over-nice indeed.

Chintzes, Percales and Grenadines.

Great bargains in the above at Hugus & Hacke's closing out sale.

Fifth Ave. and Market St.

GRAND JURY PRESENTMENT.

What is Known About Police Magistrates The Work House Approved—The Court House "A Thing of Shreds and Patches"—"Can Such Things Be and Overcome Us Like a Summer Cloud"—Demolition of the Court House and Jail Recommended.

Below we give the presentment of the Grand Jury made yesterday afternoon in the Criminal Court. It is decidedly rich, and will prove not only interesting but very refreshing reading for such warm weather. It goes for existing abuses in an energetic and forcible style, and, if such a thing were possible, it ought to bring the blush of shame to the cheeks of those men who know they are engaged in the unlawful practices referred to.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County:

The Grand Inquest for the County at June term, 1873, would respectfully make their presentment as follows:

That they have passed upon 350 indictments brought before them, of which they have returned 241 true bills and ignored 109.

It is to be regretted that under our present laws our Mayors, Aldermen and Justices of the Peace use their offices as machinery to extort from the unfortunate—upon the most trivial charges—such costs, that, did our good citizens but know it, would cause them to exclaim: "Can such sum things be, and overcome us like a summer cloud without our special wonder?"

ETERNITY AND DISORDERLY CONDUCT.

For instance, disorderly conduct, which, to comprehend, is like eternity, having neither beginning nor ending; anything a policeman chooseth to swear to being construed to be disorderly conduct, for which a fine, ranging from five to fifty dollars, is imposed, and in some instances the party returned to court to be tried for assault and battery, or some other minor offence, and additional costs piled up by the magistrate.

Again, cross suits for assault and battery are returned by an Alderman, the evidence to sustain the case being so ridiculous that the Grand Jury ignore the bills and order each party to pay the cost, and yet that official's charges amount to the modest sum of some twenty dollars.

These are samples of nine-tenths of all such cases as are usually brought before the Grand Jury. How long, we ask, shall it be until our Legislators will remedy this great crying evil by passing such laws as will put "the right man in the right place," and give sufficient competence to those in authority to enable them to live without resorting to the base, unmanly and revolting system of preying upon the poor and needy for a livelihood?

We do trust and pray that our Constitutional Convention will so amend our organic law that this great social evil in the body politic shall be forever eradicated.

PERSECUTING LIQUOR SELLERS.

Another great evil which to us looks like persecution, is the manner in which prosecutions are brought against those who violate the liquor law. We at the same time disclaiming all sympathy with those who wilfully violate their privileges as licensed publicans.

A party is indicted for selling liquor to minors. Six young men go into a saloon, either one of whom may to any one of ordinary judgment, appear to be over twenty-one years of age. They are each furnished with a glass of beer and retire quietly, when, lo and behold, the spy is around. Information is made, and six different indictments are sent up to the Grand Jury against the party, who, from an error of judgment and not with intent to violate the law, has furnished the beverage. Why is this done? Would not one indictment be sufficient? Does the tax-payer gain or lose by the transaction? Every case has to be unpacked from the tax-paying friends something, and what is the benefit to the community by such proceedings?

To men of reflection we leave the answer.

HOW'S THIS FOR HIGH?

In accordance with the usual custom we visited the county jail and county workhouse. Of the jail we have to say but few words, as nothing in the highest terms the management. The Board of Managers, composed of gentlemen of sterling worth, intelligence, and imbued with the strongest sentiments of regard for their fellow men, has endeavored, so far as our observation extended, to make this home of the unfortunate as comfortable as possible. We regret to say that in the original plan of construction, the cells are entirely too small, but light and ventilating in all that could be desired, and should any additions be projected we would recommend to the Board of Managers to add considerable to their dimensions. Good discipline, cleanliness and cheerfulness (as much as cowicts can be cheerful) were observed, and few complaints are made by any of the inmates.

INTOXICATION AND REPEATERS.

The Board of Managers called our attention to the fact that many of the prisoners arrived in "a beastly state of intoxication" but without any knowledge on our own part. We would merely refer the matter to the honorable Court to take such action as it may deem proper. They also complain sadly of our Mayors, Aldermen and Justices of the Peace in their commitments of what are known as "Repeaters" sentencing them for periods of five or thirty days instead of what the law prescribes and that the insane and infirm are frequently committed when there are no adequate accommodations for them. They allege, and with good reason, that if the county expects the institution to be a self-sustaining one the proper facilities must be granted.

It is a notorious fact, that parties committed for the first time, say thirty days, unused to the restraints of confinement, and finding themselves on in the prison are of little use during their term, but being returned frequently become experts and are not only self supporting, but a source of revenue to the county. To George R. White, J. T. Fleming, and W. J. Anderson, Esq., the Mayor, Alderman, Justices of the Peace, and Sheriff Hare we return thanks for their extreme courtesy in furnishing us every facility for inspecting most minutely every part of the institution.

CONDEMNING THE JAIL.

Of our county jail, the less said the better. *As far as possible* warden Smith deserves credit for his endeavors to keep it clean; but for a habitation for human beings, he who designed it must have had a vision of the infernal regions. It is decidedly unhealthy, much another prison exists not on this earth. The Black Hole of Calcutta was a paradise compared to some of the cells we saw. Neither light nor ventilation! Any physician of prominence would say that six months' confinement in such a place would sow the seeds of a fatal disease, if not entirely kill the strongest constituted frame in our community. In a cell eight feet by ten we found six American citizens of African descent, and who, as of the day was extremely warm, were perspiring profusely, and no wonder. A hole of a few inches square gave them sufficient ventilation according to this master architect, who planned the structure. May his children's children increase on Penn avenue. A poor wretch under sentence of death for imbruing his hands in the blood of his fellow man, from causes known only to Him who made us, is closely confined in a cell not fit for a dog kennels, and yet within two hundred yards there stands edifices dedicated to the Great Father of all, whose greatest attribute is love.

PHILANTHROPICAL ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Well may the great county of Allegheny, with her boasted philanthropy, have thrown at the feet of her sister cities thousands given annually to send missionaries to the poor, benighted heathen in the remotest parts of the earth, proudly exclaim, as she points to the place we have described, "Behold the use which Christianity and her handmaid civilization have done in our midst. We recommend in most emphatic terms the entire demolition of the structure, together with the court house, both things of "shreds and patches," and in their place erect such buildings as the prospective wants of this the fifth wealthiest county in the United States may require. To taxpayers this may look astounding, the cost amounting to between two and three million dollars, but let us reflect. The work house is about completed and most probably will be (as the managers think) self-sustaining.

FIGURING IT UP.

The revenue from licenses, three-fourths of which goes into the county treasury and heretofore applied to the workhouse amounts annually to, say $200,000. We therefore recommend that the necessary legislation be obtained authorizing the county to issue bonds running from one to two years for the amount required to erect the buildings, and that the revenue derived from licenses be applied to their redemption, as they mature. Lies to be levied to meet the interest which necessarily decreases every year. We recommend the erection on the south side of the Court house of a building of a temporary character for the accommodation of the Register of Wills, and that the office now occupied by that functionary be turned over to the Recorder whose offices are found entirely inadequate to the business required to be transacted.

THANKS.

To the Assistant District Attorney, J. B. Finck, Esq., we return thanks for his courteous manner in attending to the duties of his office, and desire seemed to be for the interests of the county, endeavoring by every means in his power to facilitate the public business.

A large number of cases brought before us were charges of larceny by bailee, a majority of which were of the most trifling character, and nearly all of them being cases of Trover or Replevin and not criminal cases. The large number of such cases ignored, imposes a heavy cost on the county, and all owing to the ignorance or incapacity of the magistrates who take as criminal charges cases where civil proceedings should properly be instituted.

The Grand Jury would, therefore, earnestly recommend that proper legislation be secured, authorizing and empowering the Grand Jury to dispose of the costs on ignored bills of larceny by bailee as in cases of misdemeanor.

For Good

Taffies, Cream Candies,
Cream Chocolates, Cream Bon Bons,
Assorted Candies, Lozenges,
Colts Foot Rock,
Dates, Figs, Raisins,
Nuts, Pickles, Sauces,
Catsups, Limes, Olives, Marmalades,
Preserves, Jams, Syrups,
Capres Curry Powder,
Liquid Rennet,
Extracts,
Mustards, Tamarinds,
Truffles, French Mushrooms,
Potted Meats, Extract of Beef,
Fresh and Spiced Oysters, Lobsters,
Mackerel, Salmon,
Condensed Milk,
Clover Honey, Olive Oil,
Canton Ginger,
Essence of Shrimps, Anchovies and Paste, call at

GEORGE BEAVEN'S,
112 Federal street.

The Stock is always fresh and of the very first quality.

Canned Goods are being sold at the lowest prices.

Ice Cream put in boxes, at Blair's, 62 Fifth avenue.

Potted Meats of all kinds, Sardines, best brands Sauces, Pickles, Ketchup.

At 62 Fifth avenue.

Closing Out Sale of

Suits, Cloaks, Polonaises and Redingotes at

HUGUS & HACKE'S,

Fifth Ave. and Market St.

Cholera may be prevented by the judicious use of DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE.

TELEGRAPHING.

A Reduction in Rates by the Western Union Company.

With the beginning of the present month the Western Union Telegraph Company put into effect their new schedule of rates which they have been arranging for some time past. The new schedule in the average shows a reduction of rates 35 or 40 per cent all around, and is highly favorable to the interests of our business men. Some idea of the reduction made can be gathered from a glance at the following tables of comparison which give only a few of the most important points. It should be remembered that the rates here given are for ten words.

	Old rate.	New rate.
Montgomery	$2 25	$1 25
Little Rock	2 55	1 25
Bridgeport	1 10	75
Dover	1 10	75
Cairo	1 50	1 00
Hobart	1 30	75
Dubuque	1 60	1 00
Baton Rouge	2 55	1 50
New Orleans	2 00	1 50
Janesville	1 40	1 00
Detroit	85	50
Kansas City	2 10	1 25
Buffalo	75	50
Niagara Falls	75	50
Mayville	78	50
Cleveland	65	40
Erie	65	40
Tallahassee	2 55	1 25
Macon	1 10	1 00

There is a proportionate reduction in the local rates. Points within twenty-five miles of Pittsburgh have been reduced from thirty